

## H - denotes studied by Higher Tier Students only

# General Skills

- Cognitive skills
- Non-routine problem solving expert thinking, metacognition, creativity.
- Systems thinking decision making and reasoning.
- Critical thinking definitions of critical thinking are broad and usually involve general cognitive skills such as analysing, synthesising and reasoning skills.
- ICT literacy access, manage, integrate, evaluate, construct and communicate.

## Interpersonal skills

• Communication – active listening, oral communication, written communication, assertive communication and non-verbal communication.

- Relationship-building skills teamwork, trust, intercultural sensitivity, service orientation, self-presentation, social influence, conflict resolution and negotiation.
- Collaborative problem solving establishing and maintaining shared understanding, taking appropriate action, establishing and maintaining team organisation

#### Intrapersonal skills

• Adaptability – ability and willingness to cope with the uncertain, handling work stress, adapting to different personalities, communication styles and cultures, and physical adaptability to various indoor and outdoor work environments.

• Self-management and self-development – ability to work remotely in virtual teams, work autonomously, be self-motivating and self-monitoring, willing and able to acquire new information and skills related to work.

## Knowledge

## Straight line graphs

- Interpret straight line graphs
- Find and use the equation of a straight line
- Reduce equations to the form y = mx + c
- Compare to linear sequences and finding the rule for the nth term
- Explore the gradients of parallel and perpendicular lines (H)

#### Forming and solving equations and inequalities

- Revisit and extend to equations and inequalities with unknowns on both sides using all previous contexts: angles, probability, area etc.
- Change the subject of a formula
- Change the subject of a complex formula (H)
- Solve a pair of simultaneous equations using graphical methods (H)

#### Quadratics

- Understand graphs of quadratics
- Plot quadratic graphs by completing a table
- Expand and factorise quadratic equations (coefficient of  $x^2 = 1$ )
- Sketch graphs of quadratics from roots and factorised form

# Three dimensional shapes

- Understand the language of faces, edges and vertices
- Know the names of common prisms and non-prisms
- Identify 2-D shapes within 3-D shapes
- Work out the volume and surface area of cuboids and cylinders
- Work out the volume of any prism
- Work out missing lengths given area and/or volume
- Explore volumes of cones, spheres and complex shapes (H)

## • Work out the surface area of any prism (H)

## Constructions and congruency

- Construct 3-D shapes from nets, and construct the net of a 3-D shape
- Construct and use scale drawings
- Construct perpendiculars and bisectors
- Understand congruency
- Explore congruency via construction
- Explore the locus of a path (H)

## Numbers

• Revisit types of number – extend to include rational and real numbers



- Revisit fraction arithmetic
- Extend knowledge of HCF and LCM
- Revisit standard form

## Using percentages

- Revisit percentage increase and decrease
- Use percentages over 100%
- Find percentage changes
- Use multipliers in a variety of contexts
- Solve "reverse percentage" problems
- Work with repeated percentage change

## Mathematics and money

• Explore financial mathematics including: Bills and bank statements; Interest; Unit pricing (best buys)

## Angles

- Revisit angles rules, including within special quadrilaterals
- Find angles using algebraic methods
- Use chains of reasoning to evaluate angles

# • Develop more complex geometrical proofs (H)

#### Transformations

- Identify the order of rotational symmetry of a shape
- Find the result of rotating shapes
- Translate points and shapes by a given vector
- Understand variance and invariance in the context of transformations
- Find the result of a series of transformations (H)
- Enlarge shapes by a positive scale factor, including from a given point
- Calculate the lengths of missing sides in similar shapes
- Enlarge shapes by a negative scale factor (H)
- Similar triangles exploring ratios in right-angled triangles (H)

## Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry

- Identify the hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle
- Determine whether a triangle is right-angled
- Calculate missing sides in right-angled triangles
- Explore proofs of Pythagoras' Theorem (H)
- Use Pythagoras' Theorem in 3-D shapes (H)
- Introduction to Trigonometry finding sides and angles

## Solving ratio and proportion problems

- Direct proportion problems and graphs
- Conversion graphs
- Solve ratio problems given the whole or the part
- Simple inverse proportion
- Unit pricing problems ("best buys")

# • Inverse proportion graphs (H)

## Compound Measures

- Work with speed, distance, time
- Solve problems involving density
- Solve problems involving pressure, force, area
- Work with compound units

# Converting compound measures (H)

## **Diagrams and charts**

- Revisit data measures, charts and graphs including bivariate data; criticise misleading graphs
- Revisit frequency trees and other representations e.g. tables
- Understand Venn diagrams and Set notations

#### Probability

- Compare theoretical and experimental probabilities, probability of two or more events
- Tree diagrams (H)